

campment, constant drilling was kept up, and strict military discipline maintained. Certainly the regiment well illustrates and sustains its motto, "Nulli secutus," for a finer and better disciplined body of men is not to be found in the Dominion. Their drill evolutions, before striking tents, had become almost perfect, and seemed quite equal, in quickness and precision, to long-trained regular troops. Both officers and men chafed considerably that circumstances did not afford them an opportunity of showing to the country the stuff they were made of. An amusing incident occurred on the day the corps went into camp. On arrival at the Exhibition Grounds they found the gates closed and entrance refused, whereupon Col. Bond, remarking that he had orders to go into the grounds and go he would, called upon the pioneers to do their duty, and thus ready access was afforded.

MAP OF THE BATTLEGROUND OF BATOCHÉ.

We are indebted to Mr. Frank Clayton, of the Dominion Lands Branch of the Department of the Interior, for the beautifully executed map which is reproduced in the current number. It is of special value from the fact that it was compiled on the battlefield by two of the members of the Surveyors' Intelligence Corps engaged in the action, and is very correct, being in fact the most authentic plan obtainable. Messrs. Burrows and Denny, D.L.S., have undertaken to show the position of the various corps at the commencement of the last day's fight, and the dotted lines and arrow-heads serve to indicate the direction of the final advance of the several bodies of troops. It is therefore eminently descriptive of the action, and will be found an exceedingly useful adjunct to the letter-press accounts of the engagement.

THE BRIDGE AT BATTLEFORD

was built by the troops who comprised Col. Otter's Brigade, and it joins the old town site with the new one. Its completion has enabled the tedious system of ferrying by an old scow to be discontinued, thus constituting a welcome improvement. The length of the structure is about eighty feet, and its width twelve feet. The timber is spruce, which can be obtained in considerable quantities from a locality some fifty miles north-west of Battleford. Great difficulty was experienced in accomplishing the work on account of the rapidity of the current in the Battle River at the point crossed, and, taking into consideration the fact that the men had not been used to operations of the kind, the structure may be regarded as a very creditable success. Corporal Thos. E. Davies, of the sharpshooters of the Governor-General's Foot Guards, was good enough to send us the above particulars along with the very acceptable sketch that has produced so pleasing a view.

NARROW ESCAPE OF EDWARD HANLAN.

The incident which threatened to abruptly terminate the career of Toronto's celebrated oarsman occurred on Thursday week and was thus described by Hanlan himself to a *Globe* reporter:—

"I was out as usual this morning for practice, and was using a new practice boat I had purchased from Trickett, and which I had got from a boat-builder's place to-day after being altered. I had got out some three-quarters of a mile in the bay and was opposite Yonge Street Wharf, when suddenly the boat broke up completely, throwing me into the water. There was not sufficient of the boat left together to support me in the water, but with the assistance of what little there was I swam towards the Yonge Street Wharf, and after getting over about half a mile of the distance, was about exhausted, when some sailors belonging to a schooner lying at anchor off the wharf, who observed me, came to my assistance and saved me from drowning. It was a very narrow escape. I was never so much exhausted in the water before, and the water seemed to be intensely cold and chilled me. My wife knows nothing of it at all, and has no idea how nearly I met with a watery grave. I had a somewhat similar accident while in Australia, but the water was warm and the distance to be swum was but short, so that it was not serious at all, as this one was."

Hanlan was just about to leave for Buffalo, where he had an appointment to meet Teemer to arrange about some matches, and accompanying him was Mr. George W. Lee, to whom the ex-champion was relating some of his Australian experiences, and he seemed

just as much surprised as an one at the account of the accident, remarking, however, that it was not the first of Trickett's boats which had collapsed in the same way.

When the accident happened the mate of the Erie Stewart, James Brook, was on deck and sprang into the schooner's yawl with the intention of saving him if possible, and Captain Jackman, who also saw the boat collapse, backed out his tug to go to the rescue. The schooner Nellie Hunter, of Kingston, was, however, lying out in the bay, and Captain Ackerman, of Picton, her master, who was just leaving Church St. Wharf to return to his vessel, with three of his men and the captain of the schooner Gearig on board his yawl, immediately sculled out to the sinking man and by extending him an oar relieved him from his precarious situation, partly supported by the damaged shell. He was then helped into the yawl and conveyed to terra firma. No one knew at the time who was the half-drowned man. Hanlan tendered his rescuer a five dollar bill in compensation for his trouble in fishing him out, but Capt. Ackerman declined the proffered gratuity with the remark that he was not accustomed to take money for saving men's lives.

HOW THE DELICACIES INTENDED FOR THE WOUNDED WENT ASTRAY.

YESTERDAY morning several cases of oranges, lemons, figs, butter, eggs and California canned fruit were shipped by the Relief Committee to the hospitals at Saskatoon and Moosejaw, it having been reported to the committee that little or none of the stuff it has sent to the hospitals in the shape of delicacies has ever reached there, but has been stolen by the teamsters en route. Consequently, while the people of Winnipeg have been imagining that the poor wounded fellows were getting the benefit of the luxuries sent, and were being made comfortable thereby, they have been almost famishing for something in the shape of delicacies or of a nourishing nature. The doctors at the hospital say that many of the poor fellows could not eat food, and were existing solely on water, and if something nourishing were not sent to the hospitals many of the wounded would never recover. Dr. Roddick assured the committee that he would see that an escort went with this consignment, and that it was properly delivered. There is much indignation among the members of the committee at the brutes who have robbed the wounded and dying of nourishing food. They will take good care that the goods are delivered in bulk this time, and that anyone who attempts to steal them will receive the punishment he so richly deserves.—*Winnipeg Sun, June 4th.*

DR. BERGIN, Surgeon-General of the North-West Field Force, has directed the hospital at Moose Jaw to be closed at once, and all the nurses to be sent home. It is not yet decided whether the remaining patients will go into hospital at Winnipeg or be put under canvas.

The situation of the settlers and half-breed families on the North Saskatchewan is reported to be well nigh desperate, as the result of the rebellion has been the impoverishment of both loyal and disloyal alike. The destruction of property has been great, horses and oxen have been taken for the use of the troops, no crops have been put in, and general destitution prevails.

The personal narratives of Mrs. Delaney and Mrs. Gowanlock, transmitted by the *Globe's* correspondent at Battleford, read like thrilling romances. The noble behaviour of the half-breeds who purchased the ladies from their savage captors, and protected them from outrage, entitles them to the good will of every white man and woman in Canada.

SERGEANT-MAJOR C. E. A. PATTERSON, of the 65th Batt. (Mount Royal Rifles) sends a column and a half letter to the *Mail* from Fort Saskatchewan, in which he deals categorically with the chief of the several charges made by Sergt. Nelson, of the Royal Grenadiers, against the officers and men of the former corps in respect of alleged misconduct while en route to the North-West. The Sergeant-Major "takes the liberty of branding him as an infamous liar," and certainly, unless the statements originally made can be substantially supported, Nelson is placed in a position which will cause him to be regarded with contempt by the members of his own corps and by every honest man who knows him. The letter concludes by mentioning that Col. Ouimet has intimated his desire and intention of marching his battalion through the streets of Toronto on their way home to Montreal.

ERRATA.—(1) In our last number our acknowledgments were made inadvertently to "Mr. J. D. Hutchinson," of Calgary, instead of Mr. J. D. Higinbotham, to whom we are indebted for sketches and photographs. (2) In the reference to the view of Battleford, the camp of the Governor-General's Foot Guards, instead of "Body Guard," should have been mentioned.

NESTLE'S MILK FOOD

FOR INFANTS AND INVALIDS.

INFANTS fed on this Food have a healthy lively appearance. **CHILDREN** increase rapidly in weight. **INVALIDS** find it very nourishing and can enjoy it when other foods create nausea.

A single trial will convince you of its merits.

THOS. LEEMING & CO.

Sole Agents, Montreal.

BUY THE "GLOBE"

84,000 SOLD IN 17 MONTHS.

Kept by all Dealers.

WALTER WOODS & CO.

\$200

In Cash as Extra Prizes.

THE LI-QUOR TEA CO. OF CANADA (GEORGE CLARKE, Proprietor), have determined to offer the following PRIZES viz:—

- 1st PRIZE, \$100 IN CASH.
- 2nd do \$50 " "
- 3rd do \$25 " "
- 4th do \$25 " "

to the person sending in before September 1st, the longest list of words made from the letters composing the following:—

The Li-Quor Tea Co.

In this phrase, as it stands above, there are ELEVEN DIFFERENT letters, five of them vowels, and many words can certainly be found in this combination with ease. The prize will, however, probably find its way to one of the enterprising readers of these lines who goes beyond the obvious words. There is a chance for every industrious mind, as mere cleverness will not go for so much in this competition as perseverance. Boys and girls may occupy themselves with this problem as well as their elders, and there is no limit to the number of lists which may be sent from one family.

Any patron of the Li-Quor Tea Co. is free to mail us his list, and it is to be hoped that many will be heard from, one having as good a chance as another in this competition. Those not already customers may become eligible to compete by sending with their lists six Half-pound Vouchers taken from our packets of tea at either 50 cents, 60 cents, 75 cents, or 80 cents per pound, for which they may select as usual the books or bonuses to which they are entitled.

Rules of the Competition.

1. The words as printed above must be used as they stand. "Co." is intended to go for two letters, and may not be expanded into "Company."
2. No letter may be used in one word more frequently than it occurs in the phrase "The Li-Quor Tea Co." O and E, for instance, may be employed twice, but L only once.
3. Proper names are excluded, but any word found in Webster's Dictionary (not a proper name) will be allowed, the actual words of the phrase excepted.
4. Words must be neatly written in columns and numbered thus:—

- | | |
|----------|------------|
| 1. Ace, | 4. Queer, |
| 2. Ache, | 5. Other, |
| 3. Lie, | 6. Rat, |
| | —Total, 6. |

The trial must be invariably set down.

5. Envelopes containing lists (which should reach the office of the Li-Quor Tea Co., 295 Yonge St., not later than noon Sept. 1st) should be endorsed "Li-Quor Tea Co. Prize Competition," and directly beneath must be written the number of words on enclosed list. The list itself must bear at the top the name and full address of the sender. An accompanying letter is unnecessary. The names and addresses of the successful competitors will be published in the *Evening Telegram* on Thursday, Sept. 3rd.

6. TO EVERY LIST MUST BE PINNED SIX HALF-POUND VOUCHERS for our tea, for which the usual bonuses may be selected.

Failure to comply with one of the first three rules will result only in the cancellation of words gained by offending against them; but we cannot promise attention to lists not made out and sent in accordance with Rules 4, 5, and 6.

GEO. CLARKE,

Proprietor Li-Quor Tea Co.,

295 Yonge-St., Toronto.

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Wholesale and Retail Dealer in

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The Finest Colored PLATE

EVER ISSUED IN CANADA.

Read what the *Toronto Globe* of June 23rd says in reference to it:—

The Grip Printing and Publishing Company of Toronto, have just published a new plate, "The Capture of Batoche," lithographed in five colors, size 20x26 inches. This is a graphic sketch of the now famous charge, and is a very creditable piece of work. Evidently no pains have been spared in its production, and it deserves to have a large sale, as well from its merits artistically as from being a memento of this great fight. It has been compiled from the most reliable sources, and in the opinion of eyewitnesses and participants in the battle, is a correct delineation of the action. It is retailed at 30 cents and can be had from all newsdealers or from the publishers.

LADIES - - Do Not Forget to Send - - LADIES

JOHNSON'S FLUID BEEF

With your Hospital Supplies for the North-West.